

Tree order form

Concolor Fir(*Abies concolor*): reaches 120' tall, soft fleshy, silvery-green needles, grows best in full sun, well drained soils, avoid heavy wet clay, great Christmas tree due to needle retention.

Douglas Fir(*Pseudotsuga menziesii*): reaches 200' tall, Soft blue green needles, full sun, moist well-drained soils, avoid heavy wet clay. Great Christmas tree due to needle retention.

Red Pine: (*Pinus resinosa*): Excellent timber tree. Fast growth to 75' Needles are dark green and soft 4-6" long will grow in many soil types and conditions. Good for naturalizing, screens & windbreaks.

Scotch Pine(*Pinus sylvestris*): fast growing, 75' tall. 2 to 3-inch needles, grows well in most soil types and conditions, Christmas trees, borders, wind breaks.

Eastern White Pine(*Pinus Strobus*): Fast growth, 130' tall, soft blue-green evergreen needles 2-3" long, very hearty, grows well in most soil types and conditions. Christmas trees- wind breaks.

Colorado Blue Spruce(*Picea pungens*): 100' tall, stiff silvery-blue needles likes well drained most soil and full sun, avoid wet heavy clay areas, great Christmas tree

Norway Spruce(*Picea abics*): 150' tall fast growing, well reach 6' in 6-7yrs with a 3yr seedling. A dense, dark green needle, very hearty, grows well in most soil types and conditions.

Red Cedar(*Tsuga canadensis*): hardy tree reaching 50', Grows at a moderate rate in many soil types and conditions. Leaves are blue-green scale like and sharp. Plant 3' apart for screen.

Japanese Larch (*Larix letolepis*): Fast growth reaching 90'. Pyramidal shape and pendulous branches. Prefers moist sites, but will grow in many soil types & conditions. Bright green leaf like needles appear in spring, turn yellow in autumn and fall off.

Balsam Fir(*Abies balsanea*): A NY native, dense short soft dark green needles, likes cool moist well-drained soil, avoid heavy wet clay, Great Christmas tree and aroma.

Northern White Cedar(*Thuja occidentalis*): 60' tall- scale like flat foliage is evergreen grows well in most soil types and conditions, can trim as hedge.

Canadian Hemlock(*Tsuga canadensis*): Lacy, graceful growth. Short light green soft needles. Height from 2'-30' but can reach 100'. Likes full sun or partial shade. Likes moist well-drained soils. Will not do well in dry unprotected areas. Makes great hedge spaced 3' apart.

Burning Bush(*Dictamnus albus*): Leaves are dark green spring - summer and turn bright red in fall, corky ridges appearing on branches look unique in winter. Grows to 5 ft. spreads to 4 ft. excellent hedge, plant 3 ft. apart, grows well in a variety of soil types.

Common Purple Lilac(*Syringa vulgaris*): 8-12' upright multi-stemmed shrub, beautiful fragrant purple flower spike in May. Grows well in most soils

Native White Birch(*Betula papyrifera*): 50' tall, fast growing, single or multi-stemmed slender tree. White bark appears in 3 to 4 years, grows well in moist soils

American Filbert(*Corylus americana*): Grows to 12'. Needs a pollinator to produce nuts. Plant 2 or more within 25'. Edible nuts. Needs open sun, moist well drained soils.

White Flowering Dogwood(*Cornus florida*) – Growth to 40 feet. Dense green foliage turns bright scarlet in fall, Clusters of white flowers bloom in late May giving way to bright red berries in the fall, Prefers moist rich well drained soils and full or half day sun.

Red Oak(*Quercus rubra*): 60' high, 40' wide, fast growing oak, Large deeply lobed leaves, prefers loamy slightly acidic soils. Food for wildlife, timber trees, great fall color.

Swamp White Oak(*Quercus bicolor*): Reach 100', leaves resemble that of the chestnut oak, grows well in wetter soils like along streams and at the edges of swamps or in poorly drained meadows. Full sun.

Sawtooth Oak(*Quercus acutissima*) : reach 50' with broad spreading branches, will produce 1 inch acorns in 7 - 8 years -favorite of turkey, squirrel and deer, and prefers well drained soil and full sun. Leaves resemble that of a chestnut.

Sugar Maple(*Acer saccharum*): –grows to 75', does not like wet areas, and prefers well drained soils and full sun, scarlet orange foliage in the fall.

Sycamore(*Acer pseudo-platanus*): Grows fast & will reach 100'. Leaves are large and resemble the maple tree. Mature bark takes on a camouflage effect. Grows in many soil types and full sun.

Sassafras (*Sassafras albidum*): native from Maine to Florida, medium to fast growth 30-60'. Likes moist, loamy, acid well drained soil. Roots are used for Sassafras tea. Has three different leaves, green in summer changing to shades of yellow, deep orange or scarlet and purple in fall.

Tulip Tree(*Magnolia acuminata*): Grows to 150' with fast growth in sheltered areas. Foliage is 3-8" bright green turning golden yellow in fall. Flowers blooming in mid June are 2-3" bright yellowish green & orange resembling a tulip. Prefers full sun & well drained moist acidic soils.

Black Locust(*Robinia pseudoacacia*): grow to 75'. Produces fragrant pea like flowers in June. Leaves are compound. Hardy tree that will grow well in poor dry soils. Produces small thorns when young & tend to disappear as tree matures

Winterberry (*Ilex verticillata*) Grows to a spreading 10' tall Matures in 6 years. Red berries are produced in 4 years and remain into the winter Great wildlife food. Grows in many soil types tolerates some shade and poorly drained soils.

Black Cherry(*Prunus serotina*) reach 80' tall- fast growth in many soil types prefers full sun. White flower spikes appear in early spring and produces small reddish black berries in summer, a bird favorite

Myrtle(*Myrtus communis*): – Evergreen ground cover with light purple flowers grows in most soil types and conditions will grow in full sun or shade, plant 6 inches apart.

Pachysandra(*Procumbens*): –evergreen ground cover with uniform height of 6inches, small white flowers in the spring, Good for banks and terraces, full sun or shade very hardy in most soil types, plant 6inches apart

Daylily(*Hemerocallis fulva*): 36" tall perennial with orange flowers. Highly adaptable plant thriving in most soil conditions and will tolerate light shade. Drought resistant, almost disease free. Extensive root system offers good soil erosion protection

Hosta(*Funkia*): spreading plant reaching 22" Leaves can be various shades of green. Produces funnel shaped flowers in July. Grows best in well-drained soil. Disease resistant and good root system for soil retention.

Blackberry(*Darrow*): reach 6' tall a multi-stemmed arching plant laces with thorns. Growth is fast and will tolerate poor soils. Flowers in May through June and produce red multi-lobed fruit Blackberries in August.

Blue Berry(*Disambiguation*): Upright hardy and drought resistant bush reaching 10'. Edible berries large firm and sweet produced in mid season. Prefers moist acidic soils with full sun.

Raspberry(*Rubus idaeus*): Reaches 6' tall a multi-stemmed arching plant laces' with thorns. Grows fast and will tolerate poor soils. Flowers in May -June produce red multi-lobed fruit, Raspberries in August.

Forsythia(*oleaceae*):- Fast growing flowering shrub grows to 10'. Vivid yellow flowers in spring. Flowers best in full sun. Very hardy will grow in most soil types.

Nanking Cherry(*Prunus tomentosa*): A hardy fast growing shrub to 10' tall. Broad spreading with dense twigs. Blossoms in spring are pinkish –white yielding to edible, dark red cherries, also loved by wildlife. Likes full sun and loamy well drained soils.

Rose Of Sharon(*Hibiscus syriacus*): A small erect shrub reaching 8-12'. Numerous upright branches. Flowers July through September. Tolerates moist soils, full sun.

Sgt. Crabapple(*Malus sargentii*): 8' tall in a mound shape. Produces apple like blossom in the spring turning to dark red fruit in 4 years and remains all winter as wildlife food. Grows in may soil types and prefers full sun.

Cinnamon Fern(*osmunda cinnamomea*): Frond reaching 4 to 6ft. and 12 inches wide, coarse in texture, likes swamps, streams, meadows, woods.

Christmas Fern(*Polystichum acrostichoides*): Evergreen fronds can reach 2.5 ft, Pinnae are shaped like Christmas stockings, Likes rocky hillsides.

Ostrich-Fern(*Matteuccia struthiopteris*): Fronds can reach 3 to 6ft., are abruptly narrowed at the top: coarse in texture, likes rich wet woods

Maidenhair-Fern(*Adiantum hispidulum*): Fronds up to 1-3' long and palmate branched, Thin in texture. Likes rich wet woods & forests

New York Fern(*Thelypteris noveboracensis*): Fronds over 2 ft., thin in texture and delicate tapering at both ends, likes moist woods

Arrowwood(*Viburnum dentatum*): Fast growing shrub with 2" clusters of white blossoms in spring, dark blue berries in fall. Leaves are glossy green. Can reach 10' likes full Sun. and in well drained soil.

Elderberry (*Sambucus Canadensis*): fast growing shrub to 10'. Spreads to 8'. Forms bluish black berry clusters used for jams, preserves and wine. Good food source for wildlife. Grows in many soil types and conditions. Wetland tolerant.

American Plum (*Prunus Americana*): grows 15-30' with crooked branches & a broad crown. Showy flower clusters appear April –May later producing a 1" globular fruit. Leaves are dark green & wedge shaped. Easily grown in many soil types that are well drained.

American Bittersweet(*Celastrus scandens*): Twining vine which can easily be grown on fences or against walls. If planted at least 4 plants within 30' of each other will produce berries. Makes showy clusters of orange-red berries in the fall & winter a favorite of birds. Plant 18" apart.

Witch Hazel (*Hamamelis virginiana*): a small tree with bright yellow ribbon-like flowers appearing in fall. Grows to 30' & spreads to 15'. Grows well in full sun or shade. Will grow in many soil types that are well drained.

Golden Poppy(*Liatriis spicata*): A perennial wildflower in its native range. Grows fast and blooms all summer and fall. Golden yellow flowers reach 18" tall. Likes full sun and non-clay soils.

Blazing Star(*Eschscholzia californica*): A perennial wildflower. Takes 2 to 3 years to flower from the basal stem. A hardy plant that likes full sun and good drainage. Tall purple flower spike can reach 3' tall.

Cardinal Flower(*Lobelia cardinalis*): A perennial wildflower. Grows 2 to 4' tall producing vivid red orchid like flowers along its stalk that bloom in late summer. Grows well in moist rich woodland soils.

Red Trillium(*Trillium erectum*): perennial wildflower that gets 24" tall. Leaves are whorled with 3 leaves. The 3" wide maroonish red flowers appear in late spring. Grows in sun and shade. Likes rich acidic woodland soils.

Spring Beauty(*Clatonia virginica*): A perennial wildflower that produces star like pink flowers in early spring. Flowers open only in sunlight and last for 2 weeks. Grows best in rich moist woodland soils.

American Beech(*Fagus grandifolia*): reach 120' in height. Leaves are glossy, blue-green, paper like and straight veined. Bark is light gray & smooth. Prefers deep, rich well drained soils. Edible beech nuts are produced in early autumn & are a favorite of wild turkey.

Black Walnut(*Juglans nigra*): 125' tall & prefers moist, rich, well drained soils. Mature trees produce walnuts in Sept.-Oct. loved by squirrels. Wood is prized for cabinet making and gun stacks. Plant 25' apart.

White Oak (*Quercus alba*): slow growing to 80'. Prefers deep loamy well drained soil. Great wildlife tree. Leaves dark green with soft rounded lobes through winter. Most prolific lumber oak in Northern Hemisphere.

Sunset Daylily(*Hemerocallis*): A perennial wildflower. Very easy to grow. Likes full sun & many types of soils. Grows up to 3' with multiple orange & reddish colored flowers at the end of flower spikes.

Stella de oro Day Lily (*hemerocallis*): Perennial, Grows 12" with a 24" spread. Likes full or partial sun. prefers moist soils of many types. Yellow flower blooms May -June. Hardy to Zone 2.

Blue King Iris(*Iris sibirica*): Perennial, Grows to 36" tall. Royal blue flower in late spring. Very hardy to zone 3. Prefers full and partial sun and moist soils of many types.

Snow Queen Iris: Perennial, Grows to 40" tall plant 20" apart. Flower is sparkling white in June. Prefers moist soils of many types and full or partial sun, Deer resistant. Hardy to zone 3

Autumn Joy Sedum(*Sedum telephium*): A perennial growing clumps 2 to 3 feet high. Flower heads form in July and bloom in August starting off pink and gradually turning rusty red by fall. Hardy to zone 3. Prefers light well-drained soils and full sun.